office of Protector of Emigrants or the Passport authorities through a registered recruiting agent for 'Emigration Check Not Required (ECNR) endorsement on his/her passport. A list of Seventeen categories of persons who do not require emigration clearance is given at statemente

Statement

Seventeen Categories of Persons Who do not Require Emigration Clearance

I.Persons going abroad in Managerial capacity in Hotels, Restaurants, Tea-Houses or other places of public resorts, etc possessing specialised Degrees in these fields.

2. All Gazetted Government Servents.

9. All Income-tax payers (including Agricultural Income-tax payers) in respect of their individual capacity. Proof of assessment to Incometax and actual payment of Incometax for last three years to be insisted upon, and not merely payment of advance tax.

4. All professional Degree Holders, such as Doctors holding M.B.B.S. degrees or Degrees in Ayurved or Homeopathy; Accredited Journalists; Engineers, Chartered Accountants, Cost Accountants; Lecturers; Teachers: Scientists; Advocates; etc.

5. Spouses and Dependent children of category of persons listed from (2) to (4).

6. All persons who have been staying abroad for more than three years (the period of three years could be either in one stretch or broken) and spouse, and children of such persons.

f: Seamen who are in possession of CDC and Sea cadets.

8. All holders of Diplomatic/ Official Passports.

9. Dependent children of parents whose passports are classified as ECNR. In the case of such children, ECNR classification to be restricted
not they attain 24 years of age. .

10 Persons holding permanent Im migration VISAs, such as in UK, USA and Australia.

11 Persons holding Graduate or Higher Degrees.

32. Persons holding Diplomas from recognised Institutions like Polytechnics.

13. Nurses possessing qualifications recognised under the Indian Nursing Council Act, 1947.

14. All persons above the age of 60 years.

15. All visitors to Pakistan and Bangladesh.

16. All persons going to any country in Europe or North America.

17. Persons possessing certificates of vocational training from Government/Government recognised institutions.

Outflow of . Indian workers abroad

5168. SHRIMATI BASANTI SARMA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) how much is the outflow of Tndian workers on economic migration;

(b) which are the regions to which they migrate most;

(c) how many emigration clearances given this year as on 31st March 1995; and

(d) what are the total remittances by private transfer during the current year?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) A statement indicating the Emigration Clearances/Emigration Check Not Required (ECNR) endorsements issued, country-wise, during the years 1991, 1992, 1993 and 1994 is enclosed *See* below. As may be seen from the statement, most of the workers had sought emigration clearances/ECNR endorsements for the Gulf Countries.

(c) During the year 1995 (upto 31st March,), 1654 emigration clearances have been granted.

'(d) As per the information, furnished by Reserve Bank of India, private transfer of foreign exchange during the year 1992-93 was US $2651 million (Rs. 8124o. crores,).

Statement

Number of workers granted Emigration Clearances'/ECNR endorsements, Country-wise, during the year 1991, 1992, 1993 *and* 1994.

Country	1991	1992	1993	1994
Bahrain	8,630	16,458	15,622	13,806
Oman	22,333	40,900	29,056	25,142
United Arab Emirates	15,446	60,493	77,066	75,762
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	1,30,928	2,65,180	2,69,639	2,65,875
Kuwait	7,044	19,782	26,981	24,324
Others	7,121	13,971	19,974	20,476
TOTAL :	1,91,502	4,16,784	4,38,338	4,25,38

Women in organised and private sector in the country

5169. SHRI JAGIR SINGH DARD. Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) how many women are employed in trie organised sector in the country;

(b) out of this how many of them are in the public and how many in the private sector;

(c) what is the annual rate of growth of employment of women; and

(d) what is being done to promote /wrtre,women in employment?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) and (b) As per "Quick Estimate" the total number of women employed in the organised sector (all public sector establishments and all private non-agricultural establishments with 10 or more workers) as on 31.3.1994 was 4157.9 thousands, 2572.1 thousands in the public sector and 1585.8 thousands in the private sector.

(c) The growth of employment of women during 1993-94 was of the order of 3 per cent.

(d)-To extend better services to women separate counters have been provided at bigger Employment Exchanges. To safeguard their interest,